

**J. HAMPTON HOGE
DIES OF PNEUMONIA**

Well Known Lawyer and Politician
Passes Away After Week's
Illness.

SURROUNDED BY HIS FAMILY
When End Came—Will Sleep in Montgome-
ry Soil—Funeral Party Leaves
Roanoke This Morning.

Colonel J. Hampton Hoge, who had been critically ill with pneumonia at his home, 1201 Roanoke street, died yesterday at 12:30. Although it was known that Colonel Hoge was desperately ill, the news of his death in a way came as a surprise, as, owing to the rally he made during Friday, many were led to believe that he had passed the crisis of his illness and would recover.

When seen by his physicians Saturday morning he was thought to be no worse, but about 12 o'clock he began to sink, and it was evident that the end was near.

Doctors were summoned, but he died surrounded by his family before one of his attending physicians could reach his bedside.

Colonel Hoge contracted the fatal disease at the President's reception to Congressmen, given on Thursday, February 5th. Colonel Hoge and Mrs. Hoge were in attendance at the reception, being in the receiving line. This necessitated his standing in a cold draught of air. He contracted a cold, but thought nothing of it, until on Saturday morning his physicians announced that he was threatened with pneumonia and his wife decided to bring him home at once. He arrived last Sunday night and the disease rapidly developed until its fatal termination yesterday. He was attended by Doctors Gale and Fry, one of whom was constantly at his bedside until Friday night, when his favorable condition warranted a lessening of their vigilance. He displayed a slight weakness Saturday morning, but it was not alarming. About 12:15 o'clock, however, he had a sinking spell, and in a few minutes the distinguished politician passed away.

Colonel Hoge was always respected as a good law-abiding citizen, and townsman. He was a member of Calvary Baptist Church. As a politician he had a national reputation, and was looked upon as a leader of the Republican party in close work with the President.

Colonel Hoge, who was one of the most prominent men in politics throughout the state of Virginia, was forty-seven years old and was a native of Waverland, Montgomery county. Colonel Hoge's father was Mr. Daniel Hoge, son of General Hoge and Mrs. Anne Hawes Hoge, daughter of Daniel De Jarnett and sister of Daniel C. De Jarnett, from whom Colonel Hoge inherited his eloquence as a speaker. As a boy he was a fine orator at Preston and Olin Institute, and a student of the old Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College, at Blacksburg. He was a graduate in law of the University of Virginia, and practiced in Montgomery, where he was Commonwealth's Attorney for about fifteen years, afterwards moving to Roanoke, where he practiced law for a number of years with his brother, Mr. S. Harris Hoge, now postmaster, the style of the firm being Hoge & Hoge.

The immediate members of the family that survive him are his wife, who was formerly Miss Lila Oley, of Blacksburg, and six children, Louise, Daniel, John Hampton, Jr., Elizabeth, James and Alice. He also leaves four brothers, Daniel De J. Alexander C., James H., and S. Harris Hoge, and two sisters, Mrs. Alice H. Penn and Mrs. Henry Talant, of Christiansburg.

Colonel Hoge is probably one of the best-known politicians throughout the entire country. For many years he was a leader of the Democratic party, having been appointed consul to Amoy, China, during President Cleveland's administration. He never filled his office, however, as he was recalled by the president after getting as far as San Francisco, from where he changed his politics and became a Republican, if not more so, a supporter to the Republican party, than he had been to the Democrats.

It was from then that he rose to such prominence. During the McKinley campaign of 1900 he stumped many northern and eastern states in the interest of his party. Twice he was Republican candidate for congress from the Sixth district of Virginia, being defeated both times by Hon. Peter J. Oley, and also ran against Governor A. J. Montague, for governor of Virginia in 1901, again being defeated. He was recognized as a close personal friend of President Roosevelt, by whom he was at all times held in the highest regard. During Colonel Hoge's illness the president manifested his concern, and his sympathy has been expressed to the family in their great loss.

To the people of Roanoke, the deceased was ever a well-known figure, and his talents, as well as his high personal qualities, commanded universal respect.

The funeral arrangements provide for the interment of the remains at Blacksburg, to which place they will be transported this morning, being taken to Christiansburg on the 9:10 train. The services at Blacksburg are set for 2 o'clock this afternoon. The active pall-bearers are as follows: Judge John W. Woods, A. M. Nelson, H. T. Hall, R. A. Buckner, W. F. Penn, W. A. Pedigo.

The honorary pall-bearers are: Judge W. G. Robertson, Captain J. R. Johnson, Christiansburg; R. E. Scott, Roy B. Smith, Colonel J. W. Hartwell, T. Lee Moore, Christiansburg.

Ex-Governor J. Hoge Tyler, a cousin of the deceased, is the one to pay his last respects, as well as others who were numbered as warm friends of Colonel Hoge. The postoffice employees will pay a visit to the residence at 7:30 this morning to bid a final farewell to the deceased, who was a brother of the postmaster.—Roanoke Times 15th inst.

CORTLEYOU TO BE IN CABINET.

President Will Put Him at Head of New Department.

Washington, February 14.—President Roosevelt this afternoon signed the bill providing for a Department of Commerce, thus concluding its enactment into law. The signing of the measure creating what promises to be one of the most important departments of the government, was attended by no ceremony.

It is well understood that George B. Cortleyou, Secretary of the President, will be appointed Secretary of the new Department. His appointment will be sent to the Senate by the President early next week, perhaps on Monday, and it is likely there will be no delay in its confirmation.

It is not improbable that, in anticipation of the enactment of the necessary supplementary legislation, the President may send to the Senate very soon the appointment of some of the important officials of the new Department. The transfer of the existing bureau will not take place formally until the close of the present fiscal year, June 30th.

Coincident with the qualification of Secretary Cortleyou as the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, William Loeb, Jr., will enter upon the duties of Secretary to the President. Mr. Loeb is at present First Assistant Secretary to the President. B. F. Barnes, now Second Assistant Secretary to the President, will take up the duties now performed by Mr. Loeb, and the President will designate another not yet selected to take Mr. Barnes' place.

As soon as Secretary Cortleyou begins the work of organizing the new Department, he will take up with the Appropriations Committees of the House and Senate the details of the legislation necessary for the maintenance of the Department.

THE ANTI-TRUST BILL.

Two Important Amendments Agreed on by Senate Committee.

Washington, February 16.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary today considered consideration of the Littlefield anti-trust bill and decided to report it to the Senate with a number of very important amendments. The most important changes were made in connection with sections 6 and 7 of the House bill, for which the Senate committee will recommend complete substitutes.

Section 6 of the bill which passed the House prohibited persons engaged in violating the provisions of the law from using any of the instrumentalities of interstate commerce. This purpose is retained in the substitute of the Senate committee, but the scope of the provision is enlarged, so that, as agreed on, it forbids any corporation attempting to monopolize production or sale from engaging in interstate commerce for the purpose of furthering such production or sale. The new section defines a monopoly at length.

The new section also prescribes the conditions under which it shall be unlawful for any corporation hereafter organized to engage in interstate commerce.

Section 7 of the House bill imposed a fine of \$5,000 on common carriers for the violation of this act or the existing interstate commerce law. The substitute uses the word "corporation" instead of the words "common carrier," and provides for a forfeit to the United States. It was over these two substitutes that the committee had its sharpest contest and closest votes. They were carried by the full Democratic vote with the assistance of three Republicans, the Senators voting for the amendments being: Messrs. Nelson and McComas, Republicans, and Bacon, Pettus, Turner, Blackburn and Culberson, Democrats. The negative votes were cast by Senators Platt of Connecticut, Clark of Wyoming, Fairbanks, Simon and Dewey, all Republicans.

Many other changes were made in the text of the bill.

Only two votes were cast against the final motion to report the bill. These were given by Senator Platt of Connecticut, and Senator Clark of Wyoming.

Senator Nelson offered a substitute for the entire bill specifically declaring against mergers on the part of combinations, but it was not accepted.

EXPLOSION KILLS EIGHT.

Disaster at Magazine Can Factory at Fostoria, O.

Toledo, Ohio, February 16.—A Bee special from Fostoria says:

Eight persons were killed and four injured by an explosion in the Peter & Fox magazine can factory today.

The dead are: Joseph Burdige, John Hazen—Burnell, boy; one unknown girl, James Green, Elva Spence, and two Murphy girls, aged 16 and 18.

The magazine contained a large supply of high explosives used in the manufacture of caps for magazine cans. It will never be known how it happened that some of the explosives let go. There was a terrific explosion that shocked the whole town, and in a moment the whole factory was in flames.

There was a desperate fight on the part of rescuers to save the bodies of the dead before the flames reached them. As the dead and injured were brought out they were placed on sleds and carried to improvised hospitals.

The factory was a total loss—\$5,000.

To W. H. Seldon:—You are hereby notified that two lots of land, situated in the County of Tazewell, Virginia, in Maiden Spring District, in the town of Richlands, designated as lots Nos. 9 and 10, section 84 "Plan—" of said town of Richlands, were sold on the 19th day of December, 1904 for delinquent taxes, levies, interests and costs to the Commonwealth of Virginia; and application for the purchase thereof has been filed in this office, and it appearing from the records in this office that you are interested in said lands, you are further notified to appear in five months from the date of this notice and do what may be necessary to protect your interests.

Given under my hand this 19th day of January, 1903.

T. E. George,
Clerk of Tazewell County Court.

**ORDER GIVEN TO
RAISE BLOCKADE**

British and German Commanders
Receive Instructions.

STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIED.

Negotiators Insure a Statement of Their Interpretation of the Protocols so Far as They Relate to Time of First Payment—President Castro Cables to Minister Bowen Thanks of Himself and Government

London, February 14.—The Associated Press is informed that instructions have been telegraphed to the commanders of the blockading squadrons off Venezuela to withdraw their ships in consequence of the arrangements completed at Washington. The blockade, therefore, will be immediately raised.

Berlin, February 14.—The Government is telegraphing instructions today for raising of the blockade off the Venezuelan coast immediately. These instructions may not reach all the blockading vessels today, but it is expected that the blockade will be fully raised by tomorrow or Monday, especially since Commodore Scheder has been expecting such instructions and had arranged for their prompt transmission.

NOTICE TO STATE DEPARTMENT.

Washington, February 14.—Official notice of the termination of the blockade of the Venezuelan ports, necessary to terminate the notice of blockade conveyed in the original proclamations, has reached the State Department in the shape of a dispatch received today from the United States Embassy at London, stating that the British Foreign Office had given it out that a cablegram had been sent this morning to the British naval commander in Venezuelan waters to raise the blockade.

In further explanation of the articles of the protocols signed last night by Mr. Bowen and the representatives of the allies here, the following addendum was prepared and duly signed by all of the negotiators today.

"Our interpretation of the protocols was and is that the thirty per cent. of the total income of the customs receipts of Lagayra and Puerto Cabello shall begin to be set apart on the first day of March, 1903, and continue to be set apart through the said month, and that the first payment will be due not the first of March, but the first of April, 1903."

GOOD NEWS IN CARACAS.

Caracas, February 14.—News of the raising of the blockade was received by President Castro this morning in a cablegram from Mr. Bowen, who said:

"The protocols have been signed. Blockade will be raised tomorrow. Congratulations."

To this message President Castro replied as follows:

"Bowen, Washington: 'In the name of Venezuela and in my own name, offer you expressions of my eternal gratitude for the decided spontaneity with which you have served the cause of justice, which is the cause of the humanity that distinguishes superior minds.'"

"CASTRO."

Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon the British cruiser Taibune had received no order with regard to raising the blockade.

Resolutions of Respect.

On the 26 day of November, 1902, in the home of a brother at Pounding Mill, Va., Mrs. Mary Ann Young (nee Williams) died in great peace, being at the time of her death seventy-six years old.

For want of records, we are not able to give the dates of what are usually considered the more important events in her life. We know however that she was converted and joined the Methodist Church at an early age, that late in life she was married to Mr. John Young who lived only a few years after the marriage.

A great part of Mrs. Young's life was given to school teaching, and to the care of her father's family, the latter responsibility, for a time, resting almost exclusively upon her. A characteristic of this life was self-denial.

Whether in the school room, home, or church, it was always clear that her life was being spent for others. She constantly, by precept and example, emphasized the vital truths of the Christian religion, believed in the family altar, and found in the promises of the Bible her greatest comfort.

Being a woman of superior intelligence, she delighted in the best literature and advocated the highest culture of mind and heart.

To say that she was faithful, generous and kind is not undue praise for one who hath left us such a precious heritage; and with that good soldier we think she might have exclaimed, as the end drew near, 'I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith.'

Be it therefore resolved:

1st, that we, the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of Knob, Tazewell County, Va., of which organization she was a loved and honored member, do deeply mourn her loss.

2nd, that our sorrow is mingled with joy that Christianity has given to this community such a life as hers, and that we know she has been called from service here to an eternity of praise.

3rd, that we will cherish her memory, emulate her example and pray that some one may be found worthy to receive her mantle.

4th, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, given to the local papers and to the midland Methodist.

Mrs. A. J. COPENHAYOR
Mrs. H. BOWEN
Mrs. LAY WHITE.

**S. W. VIRGINIA
LOCAL ITEMS.**

WHAT HAS RECENTLY TRANSPIRED
IN THE COUNTIES OF THIS
SECTION.

On the 1st inst W. H. Bolling & Co., large merchants at Wytheville, made an assignment, and on the 14th inst. M. M. Caldwell, trustee, sold to Mrs. Bolling the stock of goods at 56 per cent. of the inventory price. The attorneys of the creditors have asked that a United States marshal be placed in charge of the stock as bankruptcy proceedings against Bolling had been commenced. The liabilities of the firm amount to about \$15,000 and the assets to about \$3,000.

Senator R. P. Bruce, of Wise, is being spoken of as the next Democratic candidate for Congress in the Ninth Congressional District. Senator Bruce will find the friends of W. F. Rhea manipulating the wires to make him again the candidate.

CALL IT RACE SUICIDE.

Mr. Roosevelt Deplores Tendencies to Shirk Parenthood.

President Roosevelt looks with alarm upon the tendency to shirk the duties of parenthood and has issued an earnest protest against this tendency. It takes the form of a letter to Mrs. John Von Vorst, joint author with Miss Marie Von Vorst, of "The Woman Who Tolls." It is used as preface to the book.

The paragraph which especially attracted the President's attention was one in which Mrs. Von Vorst deplored the voluntary sterility of the American born woman of this country. She declares these women outnumber those of any other nation of the world, unless it be France, whose anxiety regarding her depopulation this country would share in full measure were it not for the foreign immigration to the United States.

Immediately upon reading it President Roosevelt wrote a letter to the authoress, which, in part, is as follows:

"My Dear Mrs. Von Vorst: I must write you to say how much I have appreciated your article, 'The Woman Who Tolls.' But to me there is a most melancholy side to it, when you touch upon what is fundamentally infinitely more important than any other question in this country, that is the question of race suicide, complete or partial."

"An easy, good-natured kindness and a desire to be 'independent'—that is, to live one's life purely according to one's own desires—are in no sense substitutes for the fundamental virtues, for the practice of the strong racial qualities without which there can be no strong races."

"I don't know whether I meet pity or most despise the foolish and selfish man or woman who does not understand that the only things really worth having in life are those the acquirement of which normally means cost and effort. If a man or woman, through no fault of his or hers, goes through life denying those highest of all joys which spring only from home life, from the having and bringing up of many healthy children, I feel for them the sympathy one extends to the gallant fellow killed at the beginning of a campaign or the man who toils hard and is brought to ruin by the fault of others."

But the man or woman who deliberately avoids marriage, and has a heart so cold as to know no passion and a brain so shallow and selfish as to dislike having children, is in effect a criminal against the race, and should be an object of contemptuous abhorrence by all healthy people. If the men of the nation are not anxious to work in many different ways, with all their might and strength, and ready and able to fight at need, and anxious to be fathers of families, and if the women don't recognize that the greatest thing for any woman is to be a good wife and mother, why, that nation has cause to be alarmed about its future.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Tazewell County, January 30, 1903.

John W. Crockett, Administrator de bonis non of Thomas Hall, deceased, Complainant in Chancery.

vs. Margaret Burres, A. G. Hall, G. M. Hall, Missouri Neal, Alice Hall, R. L. Hall, J. Simon Hall, L. B. Bourne, Thomas Hall, J. W. Hall and Francis K. Hall, (the said G. M. Hall, Alice Hall, R. L. Hall, J. Simon Hall and Thomas Hall being non-residents) and the heirs at law of Thomas Hall, deceased, who are proceeded against as parties unknown, Defendants.

The object of the foregoing suit is to distribute the fund in the hands of the administrator under the order and direction of the Court to the parties entitled thereto. And it appearing from proper affidavit filed that G. M. Hall, Alice Hall, R. L. Hall, and J. Simon Hall, are non-residents of this State, and that the heirs at law of Thomas Hall, deceased, are proceeded against as parties unknown, it is ordered that they appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what may be necessary to protect their interest in this suit. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Republican, a weekly newspaper published at Tazewell, Tazewell county, Virginia, and that a copy be posted at the front door of the Court house of this county as prescribed by law.

A COPY

TESTE: H. BANE HARMAN, Clerk.

H. C. Alderson,
R. O. Crockett, p. q

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the circuit court for Tazewell county, February 10, 1903.

Mary Francis Wesley, Complainant,

vs. Charles Clifton Wesley, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to obtain a divorce, a vinculo matrimonii, in favor of complainant against the defendant, and it appearing from affidavit on file in said office that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Virginia, it is ordered that he appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what may be necessary to protect his interest in this suit, and that a copy hereof be posted as required by law.

A copy
TESTE: H. BANE HARMAN, Clerk,
V. L. Sexton, p. q.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

It looks very much like there will have to be an extra session of Congress.

The standing timber in Canada equals in amount that of the continent of Europe, and is estimated to be double that of the United States. It will be an immense source of wealth to Canada some day.

The Washington Post says that the Southern Democrats will practically dictate the plans for the next national campaign. If they do, it will practically insure a triumphant victory for the Republican party.

The subject of good roads is constantly being agitated in Virginia. There is but one way to secure them and that is by securing the money to build them. The money will have to be borrowed and the people will have to be taxed to pay it.

Colonel Bryan has settled the question of his probable candidacy for the Presidency in 1904, by stating that he will not be a candidate, under any circumstances. But he seems inclined to be a prominent person in naming the Democratic candidate.

The Norfolk Virginian-Pilot says: "Every time Senator Barksdale looks at his pure elections bill he wishes the members of that house committee had been compelled to comply with it when they were elected." The meaning of this paragraph is easily understood.

The death of Colonel J. Hampton Hoge has removed from the field of politics in Virginia one of its most interesting figures. He had won a national reputation as a campaign orator, and was without a peer in this State as a political speaker. His death is universally regretted by friends and even by his political foes.

It is very amusing to hear some of our Democratic friends talk so smoothly and sweetly about Grover Cleveland, when they were abusing him a few years ago as a traitor. It is equally as amusing to hear them making sneering allusions to William Jennings Bryan, whom they a few years ago pronounced the greatest living statesman and patriot.

It is very ridiculous for the Virginia Democratic newspapers to criticize the Republican party for failure to keep its pledges. Of the many things that have made the Virginia Democracy notorious, nothing has contributed more thereto than its absolute want of fidelity to its party pledges. When was a party pledge more flagrantly violated than the one made to submit the new constitution to the people?

The anti-trust laws that have been passed at the present session of Congress are as effective as any that can possibly be made, without amending the Federal Constitution. They provide for the quickening of all legal proceedings against trusts, so as to prevent delay; for publicity through investigation and regular reports; for additional legislation to prevent freight rebates; and for the application of prohibition against discrimination in the freight rates of a common carrier engaged in interstate commerce to discriminations or rebates in price by any corporation on any article shipped from State to State. The proof of their effectiveness is established by the efforts of the Standard Oil and Sugar Trusts to prevent the passage of the laws.

When the Maine Blew Up.

Havana, Feb. 14.—Differences of opinion exist among the Americans here as to the propriety of holding memorial exercises at the wreck of the United States battleship Maine tomorrow, the fifth anniversary of her destruction. Some of them believe it is impolitic to hold the exercises in a foreign port and where so many Spaniards reside. Mr. Squires has declined the invitation of the committee which called on him today and asked him to be present. Mr. Squires took the ground that while such exercises were appropriate and proper in themselves the possibility of giving offence to those who are now friends of the United States by stirring up memories of the past ought to be avoided. The legislation, therefore, will not be represented.

President Palma informed the committee that it would be inadvisable for himself and the Cuban officials to attend the memorial exercises.

The committee say the exercises will not be ostentatious or offensive and will consist simply of a memorial service in honor of those lives that were sacrificed at the time of the disaster.

"MARDI GRAS CARNIVALS."

New Orleans, La., Mobile, Ala., Pensacola, Fla.—February 18-24, 1903

One Fare for the Round-Trip to either City via Norfolk & Western Railway. Tickets on sale February 17th to 23rd, limited to Feb. 28th, for return passage. Extension can be had to March 14th by depositing tickets with Joint Agent at destination and paying fee of fifty cents.

Pullman Sleepers are run every day in the year via Norfolk & Western Ry. from New York, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg and New Orleans.

Short Line via Bristol, Chattanooga, Birmingham and Meridian. Cafe dining cars, men's a la carte.

Time-tables, sleeping car reservation and all information upon application to Agents Norfolk & Western Railway.

CONFEDERATE VETERAN RE-UNION.

New Orleans, La., May 19-22.

Very low rates will be granted for this occasion by Norfolk & Western Railway. M. F. BRAGG, W. B. BEVELL, T. P. A., G. P. A., Roanoke, Virginia.

**IS THIS A TALE
TO MAKE A SALE?**

You can prove anything we say about **GOLDEN GLORY TABLE SYRUP**. This is the third season we have sold it.

GOLDEN GLORY TABLE SYRUP

is a beautiful, clear Syrup with a delicious flavor that we have never found in any other. We do not claim that it is as good as Syrup that costs three or four times as much, but we honestly believe it to be superior to any other Syrup on the market for the price. It is put up in quart cans @ 10 cents.

1-2 gal. cans at 25c. 1 gal. cans at 40c.
5 gal. kegs "\$1.75. 10 gal. kegs "\$3.40.

People who live out of town will find it very convenient to buy it by the keg, besides saving five or six cents on the gallon.

If you would like to try it before you buy come to our store and we will open a can, or send it to your house if you prefer.

Buston & Sons.
Leading Grocers.

THE BIG STORE

THE BIG STORE

TIME'S UP

Our Special Clearance Sale will
Positively end February 21st.

This is our last announcement, and we give fair warning.

ITS UP TO YOU.

For if you let this opportunity escape you, it's your fault, not ours.

If you will come in for a look, you will buy, rejoice at your bargain, and wonder why you didn't come sooner.

Here's a chance you do not get every day.

In this sale there are bargains for men, bargains for boys, bargains for ladies, bargains for little girls. Will you take advantage of it, or will you miss it.

Harrison & Gillespie Bros.

THE BIG STORE

THE BIG STORE

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas the Supreme Architect of the Universe, in His infinite wisdom, has seen fit to call from labor to refreshment our beloved and highly esteemed brother, S. H. Laird, therefore, be it resolved:

1. That while we bow in humble submission to His divine decree yet we feel deeply our loss, and shall sadly miss his accustomed place our faithful and efficient Senior Warden. That Cedar Bluff Lodge has few members who feel so deep an interest in the Lodge and who have the good of the order so much at heart as did our deceased brother.

2. That we tender to the bereaved wife and family our tenderest sympathies, and pray that the Holy Spirit may comfort them in this their sad bereavement.

3. That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Lodge, that a copy be sent to the family, and one to the county papers for publication.

W. P. CECIL,
T. A. GILLESPIE,
J. H. GILLESPIE, } Committee.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box 25c.

Notice.

All persons whose names are hereby notified and warned not to hunt, fish, ride walk, drive stock across, or otherwise trespass on my premises, for the law against all such will be rigidly enforced.

Samuel T. Henninger.

Commissioners Notice.

Tazewell, Va., Feby. 6th, 1903.

R. H. Ratliff, against Mamie Brown, John A. Brown, William Low, Edward Low, Margaret E. Low, Jasper Rees Low, George Riley Low, and Stella May Low, (the last four of whom are infants), Ross Brown in his own right and as administrator of Rachel Low, deceased, and John W. Crockett, late sheriff of Tazewell county, and as such administrator of George Low, deceased, and E. L. Grever, guardian ad litem for the infant defendants above named, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The parties to the suit above named are hereby notified that I have fixed upon the 7th day of March, 1903, at my office at Tazewell, Virginia, as the time and place for taking the account, order, and decree by the circuit court of Tazewell county by decree rendered at the December term, 1902.

At which time and place they are required to attend.

I, E. CHAPMAN, Com'r.

By the decree above mentioned, I am directed to settle the administration accounts of Ross Brown, administrator of Rachel Low, deceased, and ascertain and report what indebtedness, if any, is due from the estate of Rachel Low, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of said Rachel Low, deceased, will present them, properly verified to me, at the time and place above mentioned that they may be taken into the account.

I, E. CHAPMAN, Com'r.